Received: dd/mm/yyyy Revised: dd/mm/yyyy Accepted: dd/mm/yyyy Published: dd/mm/yyyy

*Type of Article (Original/Survey/Case Study/Review)*

**The Paper Title Bold for IJETET Journal with Each Letter is Capitalized with Size 20, in A4 Size Paper Aligned at the Center of the Paper in Times New Romanwith 25 to 30 Words**

**1,2,3AUTHOR NAMES (BOLD CAPS, SIZE 9**)

1,2,3 Dept. name of Organization, State, Country with Pincode (Size 9)

Author Mail ids: name@xyz.com (Size 9)

**ABSTRACT:** *(Size 10, Italic) This electronic document is a “live” template. The various components of your paper [title, text, heads, etc.] are already defined on the style sheet, as illustrated by the portions given in this document. DO NOT USE SPECIAL CHARACTERS, SYMBOLS, OR MATH IN YOUR TITLE OR ABSTRACT. The abstract should be written in the present tense and should clearly highlight the work's uniqueness in relevance to the journal's fields. It should ideally provide a brief overview for the research before qualitatively explaining the research theory and some noteworthy discoveries. It should conclude with a term that describes the field's ramifications. There must be no references, figures, or tables in the abstract. Use no upwards of 250 words inside the abstract, as it will be published in the journal's online version and delivered to international databases in various configurations for indexing. The title and abstract should be written with extreme caution. A truly brilliant paper may never be downloaded or viewed if it lacks a decent title and abstract.*

**KEYWORDS:** *(Size 10, Italic) Component, Formatting, Style, Styling, Insert. (atleast 5 to 6 keywords should be mentioned)*

1. **INTRODUCTION**

There should be no subheadings in the introduction. Only limited figures that are genuinely introductory and do not include any novel results may be included. *(Size 10 & Regular)* Prospective writers are encouraged to submit works that are relevant to the journal's scope. Papers must be written entirely in English and submitted in the final format. The styles specified in this article should be used to edit all text. It is important that you submit your original work in Microsoft Word format (.doc) or in PDF format (.pdf) (.docx). Only minor corrections and the final formatting of your work will be done by us. (Size 10 & Normal). This template provides authors with most of the formatting specifications needed for preparing electronic versions of their papers. All standard paper components have been specified for three reasons: (1) ease of use when formatting individual papers, (2) automatic compliance to electronic requirements that facilitate the concurrent or later production of electronic products, and (3) conformity of style. Margins, column widths, line spacing, and type styles are built-in; examples of the type styles are provided throughout this document and are identified in italic type, within parentheses, following the example. PLEASE DO NOT RE-ADJUST THESE MARGINS. Some components, such as multi-leveled equations, graphics, and tables are not prescribed, although the various table text styles are provided. The formatter will need to create these components, incorporating the applicable criteria that follow.

1. **FIRST-ORDER Heading (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

***2.1. SECOND-ORDER HEADING (SIZE 10 & BOLD & Italic)***

*2.2.1. THIRD-ORDER HEADING (SIZE 10 & ITALIC)*

FOURTH-ORDER HEADING (SIZE 10)

Before you begin to format your paper, first write and save the content as a separate text file. Complete all content and organizational editing before formatting. Please note sections A-D below for more information on proofreading, spelling and grammar. Keep your text and graphic files separate until after the text has been formatted and styled. Do not use hard tabs, and limit use of hard returns to only one return at the end of a paragraph. Do not add any kind of pagination anywhere in the paper. Do not number text heads-the template will do that for you. Define abbreviations and acronyms the first time they are used in the text, even after they have been defined in the abstract. Abbreviations such as IEEE, SI, MKS, CGS, sc, dc, and rms do not have to be defined. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable.

**3. MATERIALS AND METHODS (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

The materials and techniques section should include enough information to allow all operations to be replicated. If numerous procedures are presented, it may be separated into heading subsections. (Size 10 & Regular). Before you begin to format your paper, first write and save the content as a separate text file. Keep your text and graphic files separate until after the text has been formatted and styled. Do not use hard tabs, and limit use of hard returns to only one return at the end of a paragraph. Do not add any kind of pagination anywhere in the paper. Do not number text heads—the template will do that for you. Finally, complete content and organizational editing before formatting. Please take note of the following items when proofreading spelling and grammar.



**FIGURE 1 Population growth and shortline in Alabama (Size 9, Bold)**

(Source: Self)

**TABLE 1 Population and samples (Size 9, Bold**)



 (Source: Self)

**[For tables heading and contents are 10 in size. Heading should be in bold and the table should not in image format]**

***3.1. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS***

Define abbreviations and acronyms the first time they are used in the text, even after they have been defined in the abstract. Abbreviations such as IEEE and SI do not have to be defined. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable.

***3.2. UNITS***

* Use either SI or CGS as primary units. (SI units are encouraged.) English units may be used as secondary units (in parentheses). An exception would be the use of English units as identifiers in trade, such as “3.5-inch disk drive”.
* Avoid combining SI and CGS units, such as current in amperes and magnetic field in oersteds. This often leads to confusion because equations do not balance dimensionally. If you must use mixed units, clearly state the units for each quantity that you use in an equation.
* Do not mix complete spellings and abbreviations of units: “Wb/m2 ” or “webers per square meter”, not “webers/m2”. Spell out units when they appear in text: “. . . a few henries”, not “. . . a few H”. Use a zero before decimal points: “0.25”, not “.25”. Use “cm3”, not “cc”. (bullet list)

***3.3. EQUATIONS***

The equations are an exception to the prescribed specifications of this template. You will need to determine whether or not your equation should be typed using either the Times New Roman or the Symbol font (please no other font). To create multileveled equations, it may be necessary to treat the equation as a graphic and insert it into the text after your paper is styled number equations consecutively. Equation numbers, within parentheses, are to position flush right, as in Eq. 1, using a right tab stop. To make your equations more compact, you may use the solidus ( / ), the exp function, or appropriate exponents. Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use a long dash rather than a hyphen for a minus sign. Punctuate equations with commas or periods when they are part of a sentence, as in

$$α+β=x$$

Note that the equation is centered using a center tab stop. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use “Eq. 1” or “Equation 1”, not “(1)”, especially at the beginning of a sentence: “Equation 1 is . . .”

1. **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION (SIZE 12 & BOLD)**

The results and comments can be provided individually or together in a single part, and they can be separated into heading subsections if desired. (Size 10 & Normal)

* 1. ***USING THE TEMPLATE (SIZE 10 & BOLD & ITALIC)***

After the text edit has been completed, the paper is ready for the template. Duplicate the template file by using the Save As command, and use the naming convention prescribed by your conference for the name of your paper. In this newly created file, highlight all of the contents and import your prepared text file. You are now ready to style your paper; use the scroll down window on the left of the MS Word Formatting toolbar.

Your paper must use a page size corresponding to A4 which is 8.5" wide and 11" long. The margins must be set as follows:

➢ Top = 1"

➢ Bottom = 1"

➢ Left = 0.59" Right = 0.59"

➢ Header = 0.5" Footer = 0.5"

The entire document should be in Times New Roman. Type other font types may be used if needed for special purposes.

1. **CONCLUSION (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

The work's key findings and consequences should be clearly explained in the Conclusion section, highlighting their importance and relevance. (SIZE 10)

**CONFLICTS OF INTEREST (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

This section is mandatory. When a secondary goal, such as financial gain, influences clinical judgement well about validity of research, a competing interest occurs. In their submitted publications, our authors should declare any potential conflicts of interest. "The author(s) declare(s) that there is no conflict of interest concerning the publishing of this paper," authors should write if there isn't one. (SIZE 10)

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

An Acknowledgements section is optional and may recognize those individuals who provided help during the research and preparation of the manuscript. Other references to the title/authors can also appear here, such as “Authors 1 and 2 contributed equally to this work. (SIZE 10)

**APPENDIX 1 (SIZE 12 &BOLD)**

Appendices, if present, must be marked 1, 2, 3, and placed before the below sections.

**REFERENCES (FONT SIZE 12 & BOLD)**

The template will number citations consecutively within brackets [1]. The sentence punctuation follows the bracket [2]. Refer simply to the reference number, as in [3]—do not use “Ref. [3]” or “reference [3]” except at the beginning of a sentence: “Reference [3] was the first ...” Number footnotes separately in superscripts. Place the actual footnote at the bottom of the column in which it was cited. Do not put footnotes in the abstract or reference list. Use letters for table footnotes. Unless there are six authors or more give all authors’ names; do not use “et al.”. Papers that have not been published, even if they have been submitted for publication, should be cited as “unpublished” [4]. Papers that have been accepted for publication should be cited as “in press” [5]. Capitalize only the first word in a paper title, except for proper nouns and element symbols. For papers published in translation journals, please give the English citation first, followed by the original foreign language citation [6].

1. D. Sarunyagate, Ed., Lasers. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1996.J. Clerk Maxwell, A Treatise on Electricity and Magnetism, 3rd ed., vol. 2. Oxford: Clarendon, pp.68-73, 1892. **(Book in print)**
2. G. O. Young, "Synthetic structure of industrial plastics," in Plastics, 2nd ed., vol. 3, J. Peters, Ed. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1964, pp. 15-64**. (Chapter in book)**
3. L. Bass, P. Clements, and R. Kazman, Software Architecture in Practice, 2nd ed. Reading, MA: Addison Wesley, 2003. [E-book] Available: Safari e-book.**( eBook Model)**
4. G. Liu, K. Y. Lee, and H. F. Jordan, "TDM and TWDM de Bruijn networks and shufflenets for optical communications," IEEE Trans. Comp., vol. 46, pp. 695-701, June 1997. **(Journal article)**
5. H. Ayasso and A. Mohammad-Djafari, "Joint NDT Image Restoration and Segmentation Using Gauss–Markov–Potts Prior Models and Variational Bayesian Computation," IEEE Transactions on Image Processing, vol. 19, no. 9, pp. 2265-77, 2010. [Online]. Available: IEEE Xplore, <http://www.ieee.org>. (eJournal (from database))
6. A. Altun, “Understanding hypertext in the context of reading on the web: Language learners’ experience,” Current Issues in Education, vol. 6, no. 12, July, 2005. [Online serial]. Available: <http://cie.ed.asu.edu/volume6/number12/>. **(eJournal (from internet))**
7. L. Liu and H. Miao, "A specification based approach to testing polymorphic attributes," in Formal Methods and Software Engineering: Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Formal Engineering Methods, ICFEM 2004, Seattle, WA, USA, November 8-12, 2004, J. Davies, W. Schulte, M. Barnett, Eds. Berlin: Springer, 2004. pp. 306-19. **(Conference paper)**
8. T. J. van Weert and R. K. Munro, Eds., Informatics and the Digital Society: Social, ethical and cognitive issues: IFIP TC3/WG3.1&3.2 Open Conference on Social, Ethical and Cognitive Issues of Informatics and ICT, July 22-26, 2002, Dortmund, Germany. Boston: Kluwer Academic, 2003. **(Conference proceedings)**
9. Riley, "Call for new look at skilled migrants," The Australian, p. 35, May 31, 2005. [Online]. Available: Factiva, <http://global.factiva.com>. **(Newspaper article (from database))**
10. K. E. Elliott and C.M. Greene, "A local adaptive protocol," Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, France, Tech. Rep. 916-1010-BB, 1997. **(Technical report)**
11. P. Wilkinson, “Nonlinear resonant circuit devices,” U.S. Patent 3 624 125, Jul. 16, 1990. **(Patent)**
12. IEEE Criteria for Class IE Electric Systems, IEEE Standard 308, 1969. **(Standard)**
13. J. O. Williams, “Narrow-band analyzer,” Ph.D. dissertation, Dept. Elect. Eng., Harvard Univ., Cambridge, MA, 1993. **(Thesis/Dissertation)**